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Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, N°. 119 Chesnut Street.

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☞ The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.

For SALE or CHARTER,

THE SHIP

MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE SHIP

DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE BRIG

AMAZON,

Burthen 1.300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.

For terms apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale

on board sundry vessels at MARCUS-HOOK,

12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of coleothard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
a quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
91 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
20 bales of sail canvass
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8½ewt each
14 do. 4 feet, 1cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
12 trunks printed calicoes
6 bales of white and coloured cassimeres
~~1 bale of coarse woollens~~
English nails assorted.

October 27. fri. &sat. tf.

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

Who has For Sale,

TWO

Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—

The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.

The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Galathwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

august 3 §

Ship Brokers.

This Establishment, commenced by the late Mr. Samuel Smith, will be continued by

ROW & SIMMONS,

WHO respectfully acquaint the Merchants, Traders, and Masters of vessels; that no pains or exertions shall be wanting to give general satisfaction. This business will be conducted at their Store, No. 107. South Water Street, near to the Custom House.

October 27 dtf

Wanted to Charter,

FOR BALTIMORE,

A SMALL VESSEL,

FROM four to five hundred barrels burden. PETER BLIGHT.

Whose COUNTING HOUSE has opened, as usual, this day.

nov. d1w

For Sale, or Charter,

THE BRIG

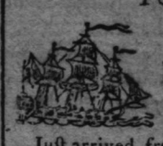
JASON,

MOUNTING fourteen 6 pounders, coppered and sails remarkably fast—burthen about 1000 barrels.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO
Willings & Francis.
Penn Street.

november 9 d2w

FOR SALE,



THE SHIP

PERSEVERANCE,

James Williamson, master.

Just arrived from St Domingo, built in Philadelphia, of live Oak and Cedar, copper sheathed in London, burthen 320 tons mounting 16 guns and may be prepared for sea in a few days;

With her Cargo,

Now on Board,

CONSISTING OF

151 Hogsheads and 50 barrels Sugar
260,000 Weight of prime Coffee in hhds. bbls and bags &
31 Puncheons of Jamaica Rum.

ALSO,

THE BRIG

JACK,

R. WILLIAMSON, *Master.*

FROM St. Domingo, with her cargo, consisting of

43 hogsheads of Sugar,

And 40,000 weight of prime Coffee.

LIKEWISE,

THE BRIG

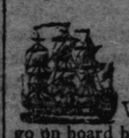
AMIABLE MATILDA,

MOUNTING 12 Guns, burthen two thousand two hundred barrels of Flour, and in compleat order.—Apply to

Thomas & John Ketland.

november 13 §

For London,



THE SHIP

JEAN,

Captain DANIEL M'PHERSON,

WILL be ready to take her cargo on board by the 15th inst.—For terms apply to

Ross & Simson.

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,

Superior Teneriffe Wine,

In quarter casks.
Bengal Sugar, first quality, in boxes and bags.
A few bales of Muslins,

Rice in Tierces,

And a small cargo of St. Martin's SALT.

november 9 dtf

For Sale or Charter,

THE SHIP,

COMMERCE,

JOHN WOOD, master.

This ship is burthen as per register 230 Tons, will be sold on moderate terms or take freight for Europe or the West-Indies.

Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's Wharf, or *WILLINGS & FRANCIS.*

FOR SALE,

On board said Ship,

16 Tons of Liverpool house Coal.

nov 9 d1w

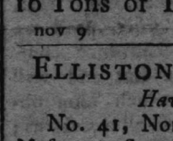
ELLISTON & JOHN PEROT,

Have for Sale, at

No. 41, NORTH WATER-STREET,

Muscovado Sugar	Bandana Handkerchiefs
Copper in sheets & nails	Madeira Wine
Copper Ore	Soal Leather and
Lignum Vitæ	A few barrels Shad and
Sail Canvass	Herrings
Oznabrigs	

Also For Sale,



THE SLOOP

BERMUDA-PACKET,

Burthen 108 tons—Bermuda built, sails remarkably fast and is well found.

nov 8 w&f3w

For Savannah, (Georgia.)

THE FAST SAILING COPPERED SHIP

SPY,

RICHARD WEST, *Master,*

TO sail in ten days.—For freight or passage apply to *STEPHEN KINGSTON,*
No. 46, Walnut Street.

WHO HAS,

140 Boxes of Havanna Sugar,

a quanty of

Sail Canvass

And a box of Mace, for sale.

november 6 eo6t

FOR SALE,

THE BRIG

ELIZA,

AS she arrived from sea—She is a remarkably fast sailing vessel built of Cedar and live Oak, and completely armed. *JAMES YARD.*

nov 10 d1w

For Sale, or Charter.

THE SHIP

JOSEPHUS,

H. KENNEDY, *Master,*

NOW lying at Doughty's wharf, Burthen about Two Thousand Barrels, is in compleat order, and ready to receive a cargo.

For terms apply to
JOHN CRAIG,
No. 12, Dock street.

november 14 §

ISRAEL PLEASANTS & Co.

No. 74, South Second street,

Have returned from the country; and have for SALE, as usual, a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, consisting of articles principally suited to the present and approaching season

They are determined to sell off very low for cash or short credit.

Note. All persons indebted to the late firm of *Samuel Pleasants & Sons*, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

Israel Pleasants & Co.

Nov. 2 d4w

IMPORTED

In the last arrivals from Bremen, Hamburg and Amsterdam,

AND FOR SALE,

AT REASONABLE PRICES AND ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, BY

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 93, North Water street.

215 bales & boxes Ticklenburghs, hempen linens and oznabrigs from 1/5 to 3/ per ell
70 do. bleached and brown hessians
40 do. brown rolls suitable for coffee bags
20 do. strong do. do. for cotton do.

30 chests platillas	2 do. sealing-wax
3 do. dowlas	3 packages oil-cloth
30 do. creas a la Morlaix	4 do. sail-twine
12 do. estopailles	1 do. watches
15 do. Bielefield linen	14 pipes Port wine
90 do. patterbornes	92 cases claret
45 do Brittanias	130 do fine long corked claret
1 do. Holland canvass	1600 bushels fine salt
1 do. Russia do.	40 casks of roll brimstone
3 do. Russia sheetings	200 casks of naval stores.
1 do. ravens duck	50 logs prime mahogany
2 do. Russia drillens	4 hhds. coffee mills
1 do. brown holland	6 bundles German steel
2 do. Silesia rouans	10 chests of slates and pencils
1 do. Wahrendrop linen	A package of skates
1 do. Caraudoles	A do. woolen caps, &c.
1 do. Flemish linens	4 chests of Nurenberg toys
1 do. cambricks and lawns	40 kegs of yellow ochre
1 do diaper	3 hhds. Glue
12 do. stripes	8 barrels of Lentilles
18 do. checks	5 chests of prime red crust Holland cheese
2 do. siamois	30 kegs of pearl barley
1 do. Arabia stripe	60 boxes of capers
1 do. bunting for colors	400 sides of upper and soal leather
1 packa. Madras handkerchiefs	300 boxes window glass
1 do. Turkey yarn	800 Demijohns
6 bales empty bags	50 boxes glass tumblers assorted
1 chest hair ribband	2 hhds. pumice stone
3 boxes tapes, assorted	1 box of mill saws
2 do. bobbin, assorted	1 cask of cutlery
1 box threads & tapes	A quantity of stone jugs and pickling pots
1 do. fine blue listados	A few ships anchors, &c.
5 chests men's slippers	
3 do. bed ticks	
2 casts hog's bristles	
6 chests writing paper	
4 do. quills	

november 12 tu&f tf

IMPORTED

In the brig Eliza, capt. Peterson, from LEGHORN,

A SMALL QUANTITY OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES,

Bologna crape
Cambricks assorted
Silk stockings
Fans
a few fancy ribbons
Cotton blankets &c. &c. manufactured at Lucca
Pots and sticks of pomatum
Wash-balls, &c.
a few jars Gorgona anchovies
a small assortment of Drugs, &c.

And in the Louisa, capt. Kean, from BORDEAUX,

80 cases, containing 2 dozen each,

Old Irish Claret,

of a superior quality,

40 dozen old Sauturne Wine,

of a superior quality.

FOR SALE BY

James Latimer, jr.

nov. 10 eodaw

THOMAS & JOSHUA FISHER,

No. 5, DOCK-STREET,

HAVE FOR SALE,

IMPORTED IN DIFFERENT VESSELS,

A general assortment of

Coarse and fine Woolens,

7-8 & 4-4 Irish Linens, Sheetings, Tickens &c.
Scarlet and Cloth colored Cardinals
Hats in boxes of 12 dozen each
China, Nankeen Dining setts and cups & saucers
Black Lutestrings, Taffatys and Sattins
Pungem Cloths and Humhums, Blue and Red Cotton, Chappals and Pullicat Romalls
China and English Umbrellas
T. Crowley Millington Steel
Tin in Boxes 1-3 x
Shot, Frying Pans and Wearing Hoes
6d, 8d, 10d, 12d Nails, &c. &c.

11th month 8 d2w

The Subscribers

Have received by the late European arrivals, the

Following Merchandize,

Shipped them principally on consignment, which they offer by package to Wholesale Store Keepers, or others, on very advantageous terms, for cash, approved notes, or bills of exchange on London.

Medford & Willis,

No. 78, North Front Street.

IRISH LINENS.

Printed callicoes, furnitures, purple and colored shawls
Muslins, plain, striped, checked and fancy
Balasore, jaconet and book handkerchiefs
Pins and sundry haberdashery
Scotch and colored threads
Scarlet cloth cardinals
Durants and calamancoes
Worsted, cotton and fancy hosiery
Felt, castor and beaver hats
Yorkshire plains and broadcloths
Plain and twilled coatings and duffills
Cassimeres and swansdowns
Stripe, point and role blankets
White colored and Welsh flannels
Knapt Kendall cottons
Worsted and mohair plushes
Pewter, assorted in small casks
Spades, shovels, frying pans & ironmongery
An invoice of Watches &
100 casks nails assorted.

nov 12 §

TO BE LET

And immediate possession given,

A LARGE convenient, well finished house, No. 215, High street, lately occupied by Doctor Wistar, with coach house and stables—Enquire of *WILLIAM SHEAFF.*
No. 168, High street.

Nov. 2. dtf

HUDSON & YORKE,

NO. 54, NORTH FRONT STREET,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

Per the last arrivals from Europe,

A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms,

AMONGST WHICH ARE

Superfine and coarse cloths, coatings,
Elastic and fancy do.
Cassimeres, plains, duffils
Rose and stripe blankets well assorted in small bales
Furniture chintzes, cottons and dimeties
Callimancoes, camblets, durants, moreens, and joans
Muslins of all kinds
Velvets, velverets, thickfetts and fancy cords
An elegant assortment of ribbons
Red, white and yellow flannels
Red and green bocking and welsh baizes
An invoice cutlery and hardware
Cottonades, shawls, printed handkerchiefs
7-8 4-4 11-8 checks
9-8 & 5-4 cotton stripes
Cotton, worsted and silk hosiery
do do Gloves
Threads, bindings, tapes, &c. &c.

nov. 9. d18t

IMPORTED,

AND FOR SALE BY

ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.

No. 9, SOUTH WATER STREET,

A QUANTITY OF

Surinam Cotton and Coffee.

Irish linens, in whole and half boxes
Checks
Drogheda linen
Irish hackled Flax
Liverpool Salt and Coal.

ALSO A PARCEL OF

Men's and Women's Combs assorted.

Scot's Thread—and
One hundred hogsheads of prime Aux-Cayes MOLASSES.

11 mo. 12th d2w

For Sale,

60 Boxes White Havanna } *SUGAR*
143 do Brown do }
48 hhds. do do }

Which are now Landing at Chesnut-street Wharf, from on board the Brig George.

Also for Sale,

100 hhds. of Prime Coffee,

Old Madeira Wine of the first quality
Carolina Indigo
Coarse East India Sugars
Window Glass
Bandanoe Handkerchiefs, &
A quantity of India Muslins & Chintzes,

John Craig
No. 12 Dock-street.

nov 14 §

FOR SALE,

By FISHBOURN WHARTON,

at No. 128 South Fourth-street.

China Ware,
Nankeens
Teas
Boglipores
Lutestrings, &
Silk Shawls.

nov 13 odtf

FOR SALE.

Rice, in whole and half Tierces.

Sherry, and Teneriffe } WINES.

Carolina and Georgia Indigo.

AND A PARCEL OF

Shipping Furs and Skins.

Apply to
N. & J. Frazier,
No. 95, So. Front Street.

november 13 3taw3w

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragment.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 §

FOR SALE,

AT THIS OFFICE,

A FEW Copies of an interesting Work, in French, entitled a History of

The Administration of the French Finances,

DURING THE YEAR 1796.

Also, An Historical and Political View of the Administration of the French Republic, during the year 1797,—of the causes which produced the

Revolution of the 4th September—

And of the results of that Revolution.

PRICE 1 DOLLAR EACH.

These two political tracts, are from the pen of the celebrated d'Ivernois, and contain a thousand interesting disclosures of the folly, venality and profligacy of the different Usurpers who have reigned in France during the latter stages of the horrible Revolution now pending in that miserable and depraved country.

Nov. 3. §

WHEREAS the certificate of two shares of the Bank of the United States in the name of *Samuel Amory*, of London, banker, No 3182, issued in lieu of 11593, 11594, were forwarded from London by the British packet Countess, of Leicester, capt. Dodd, bound for New-York, which packet was captured by the French, and the said certificate lost; and for the renewal of which, application is made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

Phila. Oct. 26, 1798. eo6w

Jamaica & Port-au-Prince Sugars } *Entitled to draw back*
Madeira Wines }
New-England Rum
Ground Ginger, and
Tanner's Oil,

FOR SALE BY

Wharton & Lewis,

no. 115 South Front street.

nov. 14 d3t af 12wtf

JOHN J. PARRY,

CLOCK & WATCHMAKER,

HAS again opened at his usual Stand, No. 38, South Second street—where he has for Sale,

A VARIETY OF

Excellent Gold & Silver Watches,

AND A FEW

Eight Day Clocks,

Which will be warranted to give satisfaction.

An assortment of

Gold, Steel and Gilt chains, Seals and Keys. All kinds of Clock and Watch work done with particular attention as heretofore.

☞ An Apprentice wanted.

november 12 m.w&f.3w.

Horses to Winter.

HORSES will be taken in to winter at PROSPECT HILL, at the 12 Mile Stone, on the Bristol road; they will be well fed with clover and timothy hay, well littered and cleaned, and will also have a large field to exercise themselves in when the weather is good.—Enquire of Mr. *William Bell*, merchant, Water street, or on the premises.

Nov. 7 wf tf

To Be Let,

And immediate possession Given,

A COMMODIOUS Three Story Brick House with convenient back buildings, situated at the north west corner of Third and Walnut streets.—For terms apply to

Dr. THOMAS PARKE.
No. 20, South Fourth Street.

October 29 dtf

To be Let,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN

ON THE 14TH APRIL NEXT,

THE CITY TAVERN,

Now in the possession of Samuel Richardet.

Apply at this Office.

novamber 15 §

To Ship Owners.

BY the decease of three of the deputy Salt-measurers, there are several half-bushels and strikes, and all the coal-tubs missing. If any of the merchants have any of these measures in their stores, it will oblige the head measurer to receive information of them, at no. 81, south Third street.

nov. 14 d3t

JUST ARRIVED,

From Bourdeaux,

And for Sale by the Subscriber,

60 Boxes Fresh Raisins
128 dozen Ladies long Gloves
116 ditto ditto short ditto

ALSO,

An Invoice of fine Cambrick and Black Lace.

WILLIAM LYNCH.

No 8, Penn-street } d10t
november 10. }

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens. SAMUEL MEREDITH,

Treasurer of the United States.

Trenton, New-Jersey, October 24, 1798.

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands against the estate of *William Perkins*, deceased, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the subscriber in Philadelphia.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Adminr.

October 31st, 1798.

Ship & Insurance Broker,

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

Philrdelphia, august 24th, 1798. §

A Young Man,

WHO writes a good hand, understands accounts and can be well recommended, wants a Situation as Clerk or Assistant in a Wholesale Store, or Counting-house. Application to be made at this Office.

nov 14 §

ALL PERSONS,

HAVING demands against the Estate of HENRY SCHAFFER, deceased, late of the City of Philadelphia, Malster and Shopkeeper are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated and all persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make speedy payment to

CASPAR W. HAINES, } *administrators.*
FREDERICK GAUL, }

11th mo. 13 ¶2aw3w

POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, 9th Nov. 1798.

The Poſt-Office will be removed to its uſual place, No. 34, South Front-ſtreet, on Saturday the 10th inſt. at 12 o'clock noon, and on Monday morning the letter carriers will begin to deliver, in their diſtricts, as formerly.

Juſt Imported,

A quantity of ſalt-petre, refined
Gun powder F and double ſealed battle
Cannon, 4 and 6 pounders
London porter and Burton Beer
Muſtard ſquares, 4 ounces
Beſt Durham muſtard
Ginghams, ſubject to drawback

All of which will be ſold on moderate terms by
HENRY DAVIES, junr.
No. 93, ſouth Second ſtreet, oppoſite the city tavern.

nov. 9 mw&f.tf

DOBBIN & ROBERTS,

TAYLORS,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Cuſtomers, and the Public in general, that they have removed from No. 114, Cheſnut Street, to

No. 30, South Fourth Street;

Where orders in their line will be thankfully received and diligently attended to.

november 15 mw&ſ.1w

NOTICE.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Doctor FRANCIS BOWES SAYRE, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment—and thoſe having demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to produce the ſame, duly authenticated, to

Ann Sayre, } Adminiſtratrix.
Robert Heyſham, } Adminiſtrator.

november 15 d2w

Smith & Rodman,

No. 49, South Front ſtreet,

Have juſt received per the William Penn, *and* Jane, *from* LONDON, Diana *and* Thomas *from* LIVERPOOL, *and* Kingſton, *from* HULL,

A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE

Plain, twill'd and ſtriped Coatings
Fine white and red Welſh Flannels
Do. yellow and ſcarlet do.
Superfine and low priced 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, cloths of all colors
Plains and Halfthicks
Foreſt and Hunter Cloths
Green and Red Drapery Baize
Do. 5-4, 6-4, and 7-4, do
Red & green Bocking do.
Swanſdowns & Foilanetts
Roſe, Point and Duffill Blankets
Superfine London Caſſimeres of the neweſt and moſt faſhionable colors
Low priced Yorkſhire do.
Plain and ſtriped Callimancoes
Joan Spinnings & Durants
Ratinetts & Shalloons
Norwich Camblets, for Cloaks
Bombazetts and Black Crapes
Plain & ſtriped Wildbores
Worſted, Yarn & Cotton Hoſe
Men and Boys Woollen Mittens
7-8 bleach'd Iriſh Dowlaſs
3-4 brown Iriſh Linen
9-8 white and brown Iriſh Sheetings
Flaxen & Tow Osnaburgh in bales
Drogheda & Iriſh Sileſias
7-8 and yard-wide Iriſh Linens
Printed Callicoes & Chintzes
Printed Linen and border'd Handkerchiefs
Cotton & Callicoe Checks
Thread Edgings & Laces
Men's Beaver Gloves
Pins in ſmall caſes
Holland Tapes & Bobbins
Thickſets and Corduroys
Hunting and fancy Cords
Velvets and Velvetteens
Black and olive Cottonades

With a variety of other Articles on hand, for ſale on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or the uſual credit.

Nov 6 tu,th&ſa.tf

Samuel Potter, William Page and Thomas Price,

No. 31. CHESNUT STREET,

Are now opening a very extenſive aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent ſeaſon,

Which they have juſt received per Ships Factor, Boyne, Otſego & Independence, *(via New York) from* LONDON,

Alſo, per ſhips William Penn & Amiable from LONDON, and ſhips Sally and Thomas from LIVERPOOL,

Which they will ſell on very low terms for caſh or approved notes, viz.

Common and ſuperfine cloths
Plain & fancy coatings
Plain and ſtriped caſſimeres
Swanſdowns
Roſe and duffill blankets
Red and yellow flannels
Fine Welch flannels
Carpets and carpeting
Jeannetts & tabby cords
Velveteens & velveretts
Thickſetts
Callimancoes, durants & jears
Silk, cotton, and worſted hoſe
Cotton, callicoe, & twiſt checks
Demities
5-4 and 7-8 dowlaſs
Damaſk table linen
4-4 and 6-4 ſheetings
Iriſh linens
Ginghams
Bandannoes
A very large quantity of 7-8 fancy and chinz callicoes
7-8 common and chintz furnitures
A very large quantity of *dintzes*
Purple and chintz ſhawls
Linen and lawn pocket handkerchiefs
Camels' hair ſhawls
a very large aſſortment of ribbonds
Britiſh plain checked, ſtriped and tambour'd muſlins of all deſcriptions
Colored bordered ſhawls, a great variety
5-4 and 6-4 conjeverams and bettollees
India book & jaconet muſlins
Laces and edgings
Black and patent lace
Lace veils and figured cloaks
Pulongs and ſattins
Perſians and ſarſanets
Silk modes

And a variety of other articles.

Nov. 3 tu.th ſa.1m

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Treaſury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Six per Cents, funded debt—ſtanding in the name of *Robert Wilſon* of Calcutta in Bengal, Surgeon in the ſervice of the honorable United Company of merchants of England trading to the Eaſt-Indies, which were loſt from on board the Swallow-Packet, capt Kidd, from Falmouth to New York.

	Dolls. Cts.
No 10,444, Reg. office 14th Dec. 1793, one certificate for	1732 33
No 10,478, Reg office 17th Dec. 1793, one certificate for	1959 50

Elliſton & John Perot.

nov 13 eod6w

TO BE RENTED,

(And immediate poſſeſſion given,)

A LARGE three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, ſituate in Walnut-ſtreet—The rooms are commodious, airy and private—from which, and its central poſition, it is thought to be an eligible ſituation for a Public Office. For terms, enquire of *BENJ. W. MORRIS.*

Alſo, A commodious Ware Houſe, in Taylor's Alley.

October 29. 3tawaw

ALL PERSONS,

HAVING claims againſt the ESTATE OF *SUSANNAH LOCKYER*, deceaſed, are requeſted to preſent their reſpective accounts to

NATHAN A. SMITH, } *Acting*
OR } *Executors.*
JOHN DORSEY, }

A LEASE OF THE HOUSE

Lately occupied by *Suſannah Lockyer*, together *with THE STOCK OF GOODS,*

Are to be diſpoſed of——Time will be given for the latter on un-exceptionable ſecurity.

nov 9 3aw6w

☞ THE OFFICE

OF the Committee appointed to ſuperintend the building of the Frigate, is again opened at No. 95, South Front Street, where attendance will be given to receive the ſubſcriptions of thoſe gentleman who have not yet made payments.

november 12 dtf

*** The Public are informed that the Alderman's Court of this City, will renew their ſittings on Thurſday next the 15th of November inſt. at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the City-Hall as uſual.

nov 9 6t

☞ The OFFICE

of the Board of Commiſſioners, under the 6th Article of the Treaty of Amity, &c. with Great Britain, is returned to No. 129 Mulberry ſtreet.

Nov. 12.

Univerſity of Pennſylvania,
Nov. 13, 1798.

The Medical Lectures, in the Univerſity, will *actually* commence on Monday, the 26th of this month. §t26

The Inſurance Office of SHOEMAKER & BERRETT,

is again opened at no. 29 north Water ſtreet—Attendance will alſo be given at their room at the Coffee-houſe as uſual, from 12 till 2 o'clock

11 mo: 5, 1798 d6t

Univerſity of Pennſylvania.
Nov 8, 1798.

THE different Schools will be opened on Thurſday the 15th inſtant. *By order,*
Wm. ROGERS, Sec'y.

*** The CUSTOM HOUSE is removed from Cheſter to the City, and is again opened at the uſual place.

November 3 §

Horſes to Winter.

HORSES taken in to Winter at Peel Hall Farm, two miles from the City on the Wiſſahickon road. The terms may be known at No 12, North Third-ſtreet.

nov 12 eod1ot

WANTED,

A PAIR OF CARRIAGE HORSES,

(BLACK would be preferred.) Apply at No. 124, Spruce ſtreet, between Third and Fourth ſtreets.

november 12 3t

BALLAST.

A QUANTITY to be diſpoſed of, if applied for immediately, on board the Ship Louiſa, lying at MR. HUMPHREY'S Ship Yard.

november 10. §

WANTED,

A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN,

WHO underſtands COOKING, and Houſework generally. Enquire at No. 109, Walnut ſtreet.

november 12 eo6t

Mrs. SCOTT

Informs her Friends in the City, and likewiſe thoſe who ſtill remain in the Country, that ſhe has returned home with her Family, to No. 1, Carter's Alley.

Nov. 10 eo3t.

TO RENT,

A convenient HOUSE, about twenty feet front with back buildings—corner of Third and Cherry ſtreets. Enquire of

J. HALLOWELL,
no. 50, Walnut-ſtreet.

nov. 10, edrw

NOTICE,

ALL Perſons having claims upon the Eſtate of James Thorburn, Stonecutter, deceaſed, are deſired to preſent them for payment—and thoſe indebted to pay their reſpective ballances to

Benjamin W. Morris, adminiſtrator.

nov 14 3tw3w

NOTICE.

SAMUEL RICHARDET, informs the Gentlemen Subſcribers, that the *EXCHANGE* is opened for their reception; and the *CITY TAVERN*, for Gentlemen and Travellers—Laſt Spring added an addition of twelve Bed Chambers to the ſide building, which makes it perfectly convenient.

november 6 taw

To Let,

THE houſe, No. 78, North Second ſtreet, with or without a ſtore and ſtable—The houſe is large and convenient; enquire of John Litle, No. 40, North ſixth ſtreet.

October 31. w&ſa tf

PRINTING WORK,

Of Every Kind,

EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,

Oct. 13. dtf.

Canal Lottery, No. II.

Will re-commence drawing in the courſe of the preſent month.

TICKETS to be had Eight Dollars each, at WILLIAM BLACKBURN'S Lottery and Brokers office, No. 64 South Second-ſtreet, where check books are kept for regiſtering and examination of Tickets in the above, City of Waſhington and Patterſon Lotteries, &c.

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

One prize of	10,000 dollars	10,000
Five	4,000	20,000
Two	2,000	4,000
Two	1,000	2,000
Ten	500	5,000
Twenty-ſeven	200	5,400

With a full proportion of the one hundred and of the fifty dollar prizes—The Lottery is more than two thirds drawn and above 15,000 dollars richer than at the commencement.

☞ Note, the buſineſs of a Broker duly attended to in all its branches.

nov 9 aaw

FROM THE NORFOLK HERALD.

Meſſ. WILLETT & O'CONNOR.

Gentlemen,

AS many of your ſubſcribers ſtill doubt of the arrival of Buonaparte at Alexandria, I think you cannot do better than publiſh the incloſed extract from a late London paper, and alſo the paragraph from a late number of the United States Gazette, for by comparing them you will find that general Serurrier was ſwallowed by a Crocodile. on the 19th June, and that he was in the United States on or about the 19th October. Your doing ſo will at once convince the greateſt ſceptic of Buonaparte's arrival, and farther (which is of great conſequence to the Virginia Philoſopher) it determines the ſwiftneſs of the Crocodile, for no doubt the Frenchman put her to the greateſt ſpeed. How the citizen general fared upon the paſſage I cannot conceive—except by his ſo long being in the French army of Italy, he might have learned to lay the young under contribution—but that he was on the banks of the Nile is certain. and that he is now here is as certain, if we can believe the newſpapers. Theſe Frenchmen are devils, Meſſ. Printers, and ſhould it be a fact. that general Serrurier has got to this country by ſuch a ſtrange conveyance, we may then expect by our next arrivals from India, to heart that Buonaparte's army (except the 1200 that did not embark, or rather were not ſwallowed by the Crocodiles) is ſafe arrived at Mangalore. And, pray gentlemen, what is the uſe of a navy in a caſe of this kind? We muſt get a fleet of Allegators from the Southern States, or we are ruined. CERTAIN.

Buonaparte's Expedition.

Extract of a letter from an Engliſh gentleman in the army under the command of Gen Buonaparte.

ALEXANDRIA, JUNE 20.

"Hung be the Heavens with black, yield day to night,
"Comets importing change of times and ſtates,
"Brandiſh your cryſtal treſſes in the ſkies
"And with them ſcourge the bad revolting ſtars
"That have conſented to the HERO'S death"
HENRY V.

"Alas! my dear friend, *the Hero of Italy, the Pacificator of Europe, the Conqueror of Lodi, the Terror of Emperors, Popes and Kings, the Founder of Republics*, the man——"Who wan raiſed the meteor of the world, Hung in the ſkies, and blazing as he travelled."

the great Buonaparte is no more conſigned to the mercileſs jaws of a *cruel Crocodile.*

"As well as my anguiſh and tears will permit, I ſhall briefly relate to you this tragical event. Having taken poſſeſſion of the city of *Alexandria*, the general proceeded haſtily to fortify the harbor. Some diſturbances aroſe, which were fomented by a Turkiſh Pacha with *three tails*, all of which by way of puniſhment, the general ordered to be cut off. The unfortunate man indeed had a *fourth* which he earneſtly entreated to have ſpared, but Buonaparte, who never approved of *half meaſures*, ordered that alſo to be cleared away.

"All neceſſary preparations being made, the army conſiſting of 18,000 men, took the direction of *Aleppo*, marching in good order along the banks of the *Nile*. General Serrurier, who ſat out the day before, was conſiderably forward with the advanced guard when Buonaparte began his march, which was rapid, but exceedingly fatiguing from the exceſſive heat of the weather. On the approach of night we found ourſelves in a fine plain, on the banks of the river *Nile*, but in ſome places rather ſwampy. Here the army halted for the night, and Buonaparte, as pious as Æneas himſelf, determined to omit no religious duties, ordered the ſoldiers to ſing the *Marſellois* Hymn *ſive times* in honor of the Directory, and *Ca Ira* twice in honor of the two councils; after which they danced the *Carmagnole*, and lay down to reſt.

"While the others were aſleep, I proceeded to an adjoining eminence with my teleſcopes, in order to make ſome obſervations upon Syrius. At firſt I perceived that the *dog* appeared to wear a ſurly aſpect, when on a ſudden his countenance ſhewed a wonderful degree of brightneſs, and "*mirabile dictum!*" he ſeemed to *wag his tail.*—After gazing for ſome time with aſtoniſhment at this ſtrange phœnomenon, I turned my eyes towards the river, and beheld iſſuing from its banks, and marching directly for the Republican camp, an army of at leaſt 12,000 *alligators.* I would immediately have cried out, but—

"Obſtupui, ſteteruntque; comæ, et vox faucibus hæſit."

"The devouring monſters purſued their march with regularity and ſilence, ſurrounded the ſleeping camp, and immediately proceeded to ſatisfy their abominably voracious appetites with the fleſh and blood of true Republicans. Judge, my dear friend, of my horror and deſpair, when I ſaw a *crocodile*, at leaſt 40 feet in length, enter the tent of the Hero of Italy, and how much ſtronger were my feelings when I perceived the monſter come out with Buonaparte in his jaws, having already devoured the whole of his Aides de-camp. I knew the General by the boots in which he ſlept, and my heart was tortured on hearing his cries, while the amphibious monſter:—

——"Miſeros morſu depaſcitur artus"
"Viſceribus miſerorum, & ſanguine veſcitur atro."
——"Vidi, atro cum membra fluentia tabo
"Manderet, et tepido tremerent ſub dentibus artus."

"The gallant Berthier was ſeized by another of theſe monſters, and the fearleſs Maſſena plunging into his enormous throat to relieve and bring out his friend, the voracious crocodile ſwallowed them both down *like an oyſter.*

"Not ſuch was the fate of the valiant general Victor; for while he was in the jwas of an *alligator*, which extended them at the ſame time to ſwallow a *chaſſeur*, the latter fixed his carbine ſtanding between the two jaws, which the monſter being unable to ſhut, the General *walked out* without the ſmalleſt injury, except that his faſh was moſt foully daubed with the gore of former victims.

"Perfuſus ſanie vittas, atroque veneno."

"At length, the remainder of the camp being routed, a furious cannonade took place upon the *crocodiles*, who at length took refuge in the river, having already feaſted on the flower of the army of the *Nile.*

"Reduced to the number of 1200, we are now returned to Alexandria, and any mode of returning to *Europe* we ſhould receive with *tranſports.*"

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

BELFAST, September 11.

It is rumoured that a French armament having 1200 troops on board, have been taken, and carried into Galway.

Yeſterday afternoon an expreſs arrived from Larne to the Honorable C. Skeffington mentioning that four large ſhips and five brigs were ſeen off that coaſt. In conſequence of the intelligence, the different regiments in town received orders to be in readineſs at a moment's warning.

DUBLIN, September 13.

Extract of a letter from Granard, Sept, 12th containing ſome further account of the action which took place there between the Yeomanry and the Rebels on the 5th inſtant.

"On the evening of the 4th inſtant, information was received that the Rebels were collecting in this neighbourhood in great force, and had committed dreadful depredations on the property of the inhabitants in this vicinity; this was ſoon authenticated by unfortunate families flying from all ſides into the town, and taking refuge in the barracks.

"The Rebels at this time marched to Edgeworſtown and diſarmed a party of the Maſtrim Cavalry, commanded by Captain Bond. On the morning of the 5th inſt. information being received that they were advancing towards this town, the garriſon, conſiſting of the Granard and Ballymacue Cavalry, detachments of the Cavan, Ballintemple, and Kilmore Infantry, under the command of Capt. Cottingham, and the Ballymacue Infantry, under the command of Capt. Pallas, marched out to meet them.

"They appeared within a mile of the town in great force; upwards of 4,000, armed with muſquets and pikes, commanded by Alexander Deniſton, Lieutenant in Captain Bond's corps of cavalry, Mr. Hans Deniſton, Mr. O'Connell, and Mr. Miles O'Reilly, all of this neighborhood; they were drawn out in line of battle, oppoſed to our handful, and firſt, after a few vollies were exchanged, their flanks filed off, intending to ſurround us; at the ſame time the centre diviſion marched forward, driving before them above 200 head of cattle. This obliged us for a moment to retreat, which was effected in good order, until we reached the Moat, a high eminence commanding the town, when a hot and well directed fire was kept up, which ſoon obliged them to break and fly in all directions; the cavalry then charged and completed their deſtruction; while the centre diviſion was attacking the Moat, the flanks advanced to aſſail the barrack, but the fire from the walls and temporary baſtions that were lately erected, ſoon obliged them to retreat.

"The ſlaughter was immenſe—about 150 were left dead on the field, and the corpſes of ſeveral others have been found ſince in the corn fields. O'Connel, one of their captains, was killed, as alſo Farrel, one of captain Bond's cavalry, who fell in his uniform. The garriſon conſiſted of 174 infantry, and 50 cavalry, without a regular ſoldier, or any cannon."

Extract of a letter from an officer of the Kerry militia, to his friend in Dublin, dated at Ballinamuck camp, September 10, 1798.

"Since I left you in Limerick my time has been ſo totally engroſſed, that I had neither leiſure nor opportunity of fulfilling my promiſe of writing. Since our retreat from the county Mayo, we have never been two nights in one place; and the wildeſt parts of or county would afford more comfort than any part of Connaught where our operations have been in. Since we joined general Lake, on the 4th, at Ballyhadereen, and got upon the line of road the French retreated, we have purſued them with a conſtancy perhaps not paralleled, through four counties, viz. Mayo, Sligo, Leitrim, Roſcommon, and into Longford—the enemy well mounted and light, and we carrying all our baggage. Our hardſhips increaſed in the purſuit, never having pitched a tent, but reſting on our arms under the canopy of Heaven, and truſting to the caſual and ſcanty ſupply that fields of ſuch a wretched country could afford, our rations and commiſſary always in the rear. Previous to our coming up with the enemy, we marched from beyond Ballingtogher, at three o'clock on Friday morning, to Ballinamuck, by ten on Saturday, and almoſt without reſt.

"I could perceive the great body of the rebels waiting the event on a diſtant hill out of ſhot, though ſeveral were killed in French uniforms fighting in the ranks.—This body fled into a bog where our cavalry could not purſue them, and were at too great a diſtance for our infantry, already jaded, to overtake them; many were driven to lord Cornwallis's army, and were taken priſoners.

"We expect orders this day or to morrow to march into winter quarters: and this day we part with our beloved general, whom every ſoldier adores and reſpects.—Pardon my being diffuſe—but I conſider the 8th of September a proud day to every loyal Iriſhman."

Late Foreign News,

PER THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NEW-YORK, November 15.

In our Gazette yeſterday, we gave an account of an action between Sir H. Nelſon, and the French Admiral Bruyes, in the Mediterranean. The probability of this event is ſtrengthened by the following ſelections from Paris papers. If there has been an engagement, and which we cannot doubt, it requires no great degree of ſagacity, to gueſs how it has terminated.

FROM THE PARIS PAPERS OF THE 16TH SEPT.

The Clef du Cabinet of the 16th in alluſion to the defeat of the French fleet, ſays—"This event is doubtleſs very lamentable. Men and ſhips buried in the deep, after a combat ſuſtained with the utmoſt intrepidity! Such a picture is certainly afflicting; but let us compare this loſs with the triumph of Buonaparte in Egypt, the deſcent of the French in Ireland, the ſucceſs of Houdeville at St. Domingo; without including the taking of Malta, and we ſhall be able to decide whether the Britiſh have much reaſon to boaſt of the advantages they have gained ſince the departure of the Toulon fleet. The Gazettes however of the Britiſh government will loudly proclaim them. Let us indulge it in that poor conſolation. It is the joy of a man who boaſts that he has broken the furniture of his enemy, while his own houſe is in flames. Eternal Providence has ſaid to Britain: "Uſque huc venies, et non procedes amplius." Thus far ſhalt thou go and no farther.

The Ami des Loix of the ſame day ſays, "We fear that this unfortunate event, which is but too certain, will make every hope of peace diſappear; we have ſtrong reaſons to believe in the re-commencement of the war."

The following we extract from the Chronique Univerſelle, as it appears to ſtate ſome new circumſtances:

"Though there is nothing to diſcredit the news of the misfortune which the ſquadron of admiral Bruyes has ſuffered, we are aſſured that no diſpatches have yet been received from Vice-Admiral Villeneuve, that this officer himſelf is at Malta, with a ſhip of the line and a frigate; and that another ſhip of the line put into Corfou.

"It appears that only part of the ſquadron ſhared in the combat, and it may be eaſily ſuppoſed how unfavourable ſuch an engagement muſt have been, eſpecially in a road head.

"There is reaſon to hope that our loſs will not be found ſo great as the firſt reports have ſtated. We are at leaſt certain, that the Britiſh ſquadron, though of ſuperior force, has not eſcaped without great damage.

The River Thames was ſcarce ever known to be fuller of ſhipping than at this time. The Weſt-Indiamen and American ſhips are uncommonly numerous. The Americans are the only foreign ſhips permitted to come into the Pool.

BELFAST, September 21.

The following perſons have been diſcharged from the Poſtlethwaite priſon ſhip, having found ſecurity to transport themſelves to America: Charles Develin, John Service, Triſtrim Moore, John Caldwell, Hugh Boyd James Wallace, (Hollywood) John Quinn, Samuel Boner, Alexander Clandinnan, William Lowry, James Hamilton William Shaw and David Shaw.

Admiralty-Office, September 22.

Copy of a letter from the Right Honorable Admiral Earl of St. Vincent, K. B. to Evan Nepean, Eſq. dated Ville de Paris, before Cadiz, 20th Auguſt, 1798.

I incloſe the repreſentation of a very gallant and obſtinate action, fought by his Majeſty's ſloop L'Eſpoir, of fourteen ſix pounders, againſt a Liguarian Pirate of very ſuperior force, which reflects ſuch luſtre upon his Majeſty's arms that too much cannot be ſaid in praiſe of it.

The loſs of Mr. Souleſby the Maſter, is greatly to be lamented, as he was a very promiſing young man.

His Majeſty's ſloop L'Eſpoire, Gibraltar,
10th Auguſt, 1798.

My Lord,

I muſt have the honor to acquaint your Lordſhip, that having under my charge part of the Oran convoy, on the 7th inſt. about five P. M. I diſcovered a large ſhip ſeemingly ſteering to cut off the convoy, or for Malaga, Cape Windmill bearing N. E. by N. four or five leagues. If ſhe proved an enemy I ſaw the preſervation of the convoy depended upon my oppoſing her; I therefore hauled out from them, and made all ſail to meet her. A little before ſeven P. M. perceiving her to be a man of war, and hove to, to receive me, I hoiſted our colours, that we might know each other, being then within muſket-ſhot; ſhe did not think proper to diſplay her's; but when we came upon her weather quarter, hailed, which I anſwered. He then ordered me, in a very imperious manner, and in good Engliſh, to, "go to leeward of him, and ſtrike, or he would ſink me," firing one ſhot into us, and inſtantly after his whole broadſide, which we returned, and continued a very heavy fire of great guns and ſmall arms on both ſides, till about 3 quarters paſt ten P. M. when we had the ſatisfaction to hear him call out for quarters, "begging us not to fire any more; he was a Genoeſe." I told him we were a Britiſh man of war, and ordered him to lower all his ſails and come on board of me, but he paid no further attention, and kept ſhooting up to gain a ſituation to rake us. We brought our broad ſide to bear, and, thinking his force too great to be trifled with, gave it to him with its full effect, and he returned it; but on our ſhooting a-head, and tacking to give him the other, he again cried out, "begging us not to fire again, that he was badly wounded, but would obey my orders immediately," and on his lowering his ſails all firing

ceaſed about eleven P. M. The veſſel is called the Liguria, Don Franc. de Orſo, Commander, a Dutch frigate ſold to the Genoeſe, and mounting twelve eighteen pounders, four twelve pounders, ten ſix pounders, twelve long wall pieces, and four ſwivels, with 120 men on board, of all nations.

It would give me infinite pleaſure if I could cloſe this, without having to inform your Lordſhip, that in the firſt hour of the action I loſt my maſter, Mr. Soulſby; a loſs I felt more ſeverely, for he was brave with the greateſt coolneſs, and knew his duty well. I had ſix men wounded, two badly; the Ligurian had ſeven killed and fourteen wounded, among them the boatſwain was killed, and the firſt captain very dangerouſly wounded.

No panegyric of mine can do juſtice to either warrant-officers or men; for the great diſparity between the veſſels ſhews, that had it not been for their ſpirited exertions, we muſt have fallen a ſacrifice to theſe pirates, or whatever elſe they may be.

The ſervice is much indebted to the ſpirited conduct of Captain Brown, of the 28th regiment who happened to be on board, by his animation, inſpiring all around, and by his attention to the guns; nor would I do juſtice if I did not beg leave in the ſtrongeſt terms, to recommend to your Lordſhip's notice, Mr. Hemphill, the purſer, who, with my leave, came up from below, where he was ſtationed, and by his aſſiduity in attending the guns, ſaved me much, as after the loſs of the maſter, my attention was more particularly required in manœuvring the helm and ſails.

I have the honor to be, &c.

LOFTUS OTWAY BLAND.

[How would the ſpirits of the *Dorias*, could they reviſit this theatre of Gallic phrenzy, growl indignation at the degeneracy of theſe their deſpicable deſcendants. But, it is natural enough: thus does degeneracy and diſgrace every where follow the footſteps of French fraternization;—thus does her embrace, like the lewd touch of the profane harpies, or the foul incantation of a wizzard, ſhrivel up every where the ſouls of the ſubjected. The Genoeſe, while they were free, were renowned for enterprize, for bravery, and the moſt obſtinate conſtancy and fortitude; but no ſooner does the Gallic peſtilence extend its blighting breath to them, than they decline in every national, every manly virtue, and become like their maſters, unfit for any avocation but one common to wolves and tygers, that of preying on the ſpoils, and devouring the carcaſes of thoſe whom they find around them wiſer and happier than themſelves.—In honorable quarrels they are wholly impotent and enervate; a Britiſh bomb-boat bears away their ſtouteſt frigate; and in the field, one ſoldier of the faithful, one man armed in a juſt cauſe, wears to them too terrible an aſpect to be looked upon.]

—

BERLIN, September 4.

The lateſt letters from Conſtantinople ſtate, that the Porte had received official accounts of a ſignal victory over the troops of general Buonaparte near Cairo, in which ſome thouſands of the French were killed and two thouſand made priſoners.

—

LONDON, September 15.

This morning the Hamburg mail due on Wedneſday laſt reached town. It brings intelligence of a very important nature—An article from Berlin, of the date of the 4th inſtant, ſtates that official advices had reached Conſtantinople, of Buonaparte's army having been defeated near Grand Cairo, with an immenſe loſs.

This intelligence comes likewiſe in private letters received by the Mail of this morning, both from Hamburgh and Cruxhaven, of ſo late a date as the 9th inſtant, and is mentioned in the moſt confident terms.

Letters from Italy of the 28th ult. ſtate that admiral Nelſon, after having taken in proviſions and water, had ſailed from Syracuſe in the beginning of the month. The admiral's fleet had been increaſed to 22 ſail of the line, by the junc of four Britiſh ſhips from Cadiz and the Portugueſe ſquadron.

From Milan we learn that the king of Naples ſtill continues his warlike preparations with activity. The article from that place, alſo ſtates the probability of a revolution in the Ligurian republic, ſimilar to that of the 18th Fructidor in France.

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One o'clock, P. M.

Since our paper was put to preſs, with the foregoing intelligence, we have been able to aſcertain in a great degree its authenticity—It was conveyed to Berlin by the Pruſſian miniſter at Conſtantinople, to whom it was officially communicated by the Turkiſh miniſter.

Buonaparte's force conſiſted of about 15,000 men. An army of 50,000 Arabs had aſſembled, a circumſtance that, in our opinion, ſufficiently accounts for the immenſe ſlaughter of the French. Orders likewiſe had been ſent from the Grand Seignor to the different officers and chiefs, to fight to the laſt extremity in repelling the French.

Letters were received this morning from on board the homeward bound Weſt-India fleet, dated at ſea on the 17th of Auguſt, at which time they were all well. By theſe letters it appears that the John Bull, Goodall, one of the convoy, had captured a veſſel, having general Pichegru on board, who, with Barthelemi, and ſeveral of the baniſhed deputies (as we ſtated in our paper of the 8th inſtant) had made their eſcape from Cayenne. General Pichegru, after his capture by the John Bull, had been put on board L'Amiable, the commodore's ſhip, on board of which he is now on his paſſage to England.

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LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

Whitehall, September 14, 1798.

A Diſpatch, of which the following is a copy, has been received this morning from his Excellency the lord lieutenant of Ireland by his Grace the Duke of Portland, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Camp near St Johnſtown,
September 8, 1798.

MY LORD,

When I wrote to your Grace on the 5th, I had every reaſon to believe, from the enemy's movements to Drumahain, that it was their intention to march to the north; and it was natural to ſuppoſe that they might hope that a French force would get into ſome of the bays in that part of the country, without a ſuccour of which kind, every point of direction for their march ſeemed equally deſperate

I received, however, very early in the morning of the 7th, accounts from Lieut. Gen. Lake, that they had turned to their right to Drumkeirn, and that he had reaſon to believe that it was their intention to go to Boyle, or Carrick on Shannon; in conſequence of which I haſtened the march of the troops under my immediate command, in order to arrive before the enemy at Carrick, and directed Major General Moore, who was at Tubercurry, to be prepared, in the event of the enemy's movement to Boyle.

On my arrival at Carrick, I found that the enemy had paſſed the Shannon at Ballintra, where they attempted to deſtroy the bridge; but lieut. general Lake followed them ſo cloſely that tehy were not able to effect it.

Under theſe circumſtances I felt pretty confident that one more march would bring this diſagreeable warfare to a concluſion; and having obtained ſatisfactory information that the enemy had halted for the night at Cloone, I moved with the troops at Carrick, at ten o'clock on the night of the 7th to Mohill, and directed lieut. gen. Lake to proceed at the ſame time to Cloone, which is about three miles from Mohill—by which movement I ſhould be able either to join with lieut. gen. Lake in the attack of the enemy if they ſhould remain at Cloone, or to intercept their retreat if they ſhould (as it was moſt probable) retire on the approach of our army.

On my arrival at Mohill ſoon after day break, I found that the enemy had begun to move towards Granard; I then proceeded with all poſſible expedition to this place, through which I was aſſured, on account of a broken bridge, that the enemy muſt paſs in their way to Granard, and directed lieut. gen. Lake to attack the enemy's rear, and impede their march as much as poſſible, without bringing the whole of his corps into action. Lieut. Gen. Lake performed this ſervice with his uſual attention and ability; and the incloſed letter which I have juſt received from him, will explain the circumſtances which produced the immediate ſurrender of the enemy's army.

The copy of my orders which I incloſe, will ſhew how much reaſon I have to be ſatisfied with the exertions of the troops—and I requeſt that your grace will be pleaſed to inform his Majeſty, that I have received the greateſt aſſiſtance from the general and ſtaff officers who have ſerved with the army. I have the honour to be, &c.

CORNWALLIS.

P. S. I am ſorry to find that the wounds of Lieut. Stephens of the Carabineers are more dangerous than they had been reported.

His Grace the Duke of Portland, &c &c, &c.

[Here follows general Lake's letter with the return of the French ſurrendered, killed, and wounded, &c. &c.]

Extract of a letter from an officer in lord Cornwallis's army.

"Camp at St. Johnſtown, County of Longford. Sept. 9, 1798.

"You will have been anxious for news from me. My fatigue and my time oblige me to be ſhort. We rendezvouſed at Athlone on the 30th ult. and were brigaded as follows:

The Advanced Guard	
Major General Moore.	
1ſt Iriſh Militia & Light Infantry	650
2d ditto	700
3d ditto	680
400 Royal Bucks King's own Militia, 380 Warwick,	Gren, and L. Infan.
Major General Hutchinſon.	
Downſhire Militia	670
Armagh Militia	320
Antrim Militia	640
Major General Hunter.	
2d, or Queen's	590
29th Regiment	563
Louth Militia	470
Major General Campbell.	
Sutherland Fencible	900
Suffolk ditto	470
Reay ditto	400

"With lord Roden's cavalry, and detachments from the 5th dragoon guards and Hompeſch's huſſars, and the Roxburgh fencibles and detachments from the royal Engliſh and royal Iriſh artillery, making together near 9000 men.

"With theſe we marched from Athlone on the 30th Auguſt, and had reached Hollymount on the 4th of September, when we received information that the French and rebels had quitted Caſtlebar, and had puſhed for Sligo. Gen. Lake then left us with the Reay fencibles and Armagh militia to join a brigade under Major general Taylor at Boyle, with whom he purſued the French to Colloony, near Sligo; and we marched to Ballyhannes, on the road towards Carrick on Shannon, to ſecure the paſſes of that river.

Next day General Moore left us with his Brigade, to ſupport General Lake, but he left with us the Flank Companies of the Royal Bucks and Warwick, who were attached to Maj. general Hunter's Brigade. We encamped that night after a very heavy march, at French Park—and the next day we puſhed on to Carrick on Shannon. We here received the ſurprizing intelligence that the French and Rebels, after having been attacked moſt gallantly by the Limerick militia at Colloony, had taken their guns, and had puſhed on to Manor Hamilton, in their way to Enniſkillen, to penetrate into the North.—Lake was in their rear, and Major general Nugent had a conſiderable force to defend the paſſes of Lough Erne, which they did not dare attack. They therefore doubled back by the Weſt of Lough Allen, & croſſed the Shannon at Ballintra Bridge after a march of 32 Iriſh miles, aſſiſted by horſes, near four hours before Lord Cornwallis had brought us up to Carrick on Shannon, ſeven miles below it. We came to our ground on the 7th at four o'clock and ſoon afterwards general Lake who had followed them cloſely with Lord Roden's Fencibles, the 3d Battallion of Iriſh militia Light Infantry, the Armagh and Kerry militia, arrived at Leitrim, within three miles of us. Though we had marched ſo far, Lord Cornwallis moved us at eleven at night, as it was now evident that the enemy meant to have a race with us for Dublin—and by eight o'clock in the morning the Flank Companies of General Hunter's Brigade, viz. the 2d 29th, royal Bucks, and Warwick, came up, after 26 Iriſh miles (which are 42 Engliſh miles) with the enemy, who had halted at Cloones, on the road to Granard.

"In the darkneſs of a very ſtormy night the Royal artillery, the Downſhire, Suffolk, and Sutherland Regiments had, by the fault of their Guides, miſſed their road, and did not join us till nine. Lord Cornwallis did not think it prudent to attack only with General Hunter's Brigade, and the Enemy had moved off.

"As ſoon as the reſt of our columns had joined, we followed and at eleven in the morning on the 8th, had the pleaſure of ſeeing them brought to action by Lieutenant General Lake, whoſe cavalry had checked them in the moſt gallant manner till he could attack them with the 3d Iriſh light infantry, the Armagh and Kerry militias, and the Reay Fencibles. Nothing could be more animated than the conduct of theſe regiments under the eye and command of the gallant hero of Lincelles; and at noon the enemy's line gave way. The French called for quarters, and were ſpared, but a few of them, with many of the rebels, having been driven on the left of Lord Cornwallis's line, which was occupied by the light companies of the Royal Bucks, were checked by them, and could not eſcape from the purſuit of the cavalry, who preſſed cloſe upon them. By half paſt twelve the firing ceaſed, and we found our labours well repaid by the capture of every Frenchman left alive, near 900, and of 60 rebels out of 2000, amongſt whom I am ſorry to ſay we took fourteen of our Longford militia, who deſerted to them at Caſtlebar. Their cannon, ſtores, arms, in ſhore every thing has fallen into our hands.

"Nothing could exceed the zeal or the exertions of the regiments under this incredible fatigue. The 2d and 29th had come from the county of Wexford, the Reay and Armagh, and the 1ſt and 2d Iriſh light infantry from Wicklow, the Royal Bucks and Warwick from Dublin, and the Sutherland from Drogheda, all from the eaſtern or oppoſite coaſt. Of the rebels, who at one time were upwards of 5000, not one remains in arms; their three generals taken or killed, and the number ſlaughtered is very conſiderable.

"Immediate ſteps are ordered for the puniſhment of the guilty; and thus ends the long meditated project of French invaſion, which has only tended to ſhew the little dependence which the French and Iriſh Directories can mutually repoſe in each other's promiſes. The French are outrageous in their complaints of the Iriſh, whom they execrate for having deceived them, and our unfortunate countrymen have had ſufficient experience of the bleſſings of French fraternity, which they will long remember, having now fed at free coſt near 1400 very hungry families for 18 days, excluſive of a rabble of 15,000 men, whom their French brethren call "*des plus grand ſcelerates qui ont jamais exiſté*," and who have paid with their lives (at leaſt the greateſt part of them) for the treaſons of our Iriſh, and of your Engliſh patriots, who have led them to their ruin, eſcaping themſelves from the puniſhment they deſerve."

September 17.

The following is a copy of a French Aſſignat, *a-la-Ireland*.

No. I.—In the name of the French Government—good for HALF-A-GUINEA to be raiſed on the Province of Cannaught.

(Signed) JOHN MOORE

Intelligence is ſaid to have been this day received from Caſtlebar, dated the 10th, "that the rebels, under a French general officer, are certainly in poſſeſſion of the barony of Tyrawley, in the county of Longford; and that general Moore has proceeded againſt them with a conſiderable force."

September 19.

An Iriſh correſpondent, in a letter to a friend, enumerating the various prodigies of valor performed by the different military corps at the wonderful battle of Ballinamuck, aſſures him that the Reays marched againſt the enemy as ſteady as a rock!

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PARIS, 9th Fructidor, Sept. 5.

It is pretty generally ſuppoſed here, that no rupture will take place between America and France.

We are aſſured, that ere long a treaty of offenſive and defenſive alliance will be concluded between the Roman and French Republics. The latter we underſtand, is to furniſh the former with a corps of 12,000 French troops, for which it is to pay a certain ſum per annum.

[In an American Gazette, this deluſion ſhould be expoſed in ſimple terms, and we ſhould call theſe 12,000 breechleſs ruffians a Prætorian band, quartered on the poor Italians to keep down the ſovereign mob, for whoſe ſupport the oppreſſed are compelled to provide. Great God! how long will theſe ravagers be permitted thus to trample on the rights of mankind, and call it *Liberty*.]

NEW-YORK, November 15.

The *now bleſſed* Iſland of Malta is *organizing* in the French manner. A national guard is eſtabliſhed in the firſt place—Religion is proſcribed next—and the churches ſtripped of their wealth.—Then comes requiſition on requiſition—Some murmers are expreſſed the culprit is not ſent to a baſtile by a lettre de cachet, but his head is ſtruck off at the order of a brutal commandant. Then a liberty pole is erected, and the Decadi eſtabliſhed, and the wretches forced to join in the celebration of a feaſt commemorative of the deſtruction of their liberties, the overthrow of their government, the contempt of the ſolemnities of matrimony, and the univerſal pillage of their property.—So much for tameneſs and puſillanimity.

Calculating on the ſucceſs of the inſidious wiles of the directory, the general opinion in France is, that their will be no rupture between that country and this. They are ſenſible of the impolicy of their late meaſures, and they hope yet to gull us by crocodile tears, and a deceitful ſhow of a pacific temper. But the door of reconciliation with pirates and plunderers is we hope ſhut for ever. We have already had our pockets picked, and if we ſuffer ourſelves to be again gulled, the next ſtep of theſe fraternal villians will be to cut our throats.

For Sale,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
500,000 weight of Java Coffee,
OF THE FIRST QUALITY,
LANDING from on board the ſhip Cleopatra, Captain Wills, from Batavia.
Willings & Francis,
No. 21, Penn Street.
november 16 §

FOR SALE,
By the Subſcriber,
Belfaſt Canvaſs, No. 1, to 7,
On moderate terms for Caſh or a ſhort credit.
James Lyle,
South Seventh-ſtreet, near Cheſnut.
nov 16 §

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER* 16.

Every honeſt man in America will heartily join us in the wiſh that the murderer Buonaparte may meet the fate of the apoſtate JULIAN. Happily, this wiſh, far from being chimerical, is exalted by our news of yeſterday, into a well-grounded expectation. In tracing the tracks of former adventurers on this hazardous theatre of action, as accurately as the ſcanty materials furniſhed us will allow, we diſcern no evidence of the ſucceſs of any enterprize undertaken in ſimilar circumſtances to the preſent. Alexander, it is true, paſſed the deſerts of Syria, and after ſubduing Porus and his multitude of Elephants, penetrated to the Punjab. But, without inſtituting a compariſon between the courſe of Alexander and that of Buonaparte, it is worth while to advert to the far greater degree of ſimilarity, which appears, both between the conduct and the characters of the Imperial apoſtate and the Gallic aſſaſſin.

The certainty of the defeat and deſtruction of the maritime force, added to the total loſs of a large army and immenſe body of officers, with a man at their head, who, however infamous for the atrocity of his crimes, and, whether an able general or not, was worth, from his popularity, more than an hundred thouſand men, muſt prove a ſtaggering blow even to ſo Coloſſal a power as that of the *Great Nation*. Already I ſee the revolutionizing crew, thoſe ill-omened birds of prey, who have ſo long devoured the vitals of the empire, trodden every where under the foot of the ſuffering peaſant and the oppreſſed gentleman. Barbers and valets ſhall no more act over their governmental gambols, and "dreſſed in a little brief authority, play ſuch fantaſtic tricks before high Heaven, as makes e'en Angels weep." The Directorial Harlequin may dance his antic hornpipe; but others ſhall no longer pay the piper. America, freed from the gripe of ſanſculottiſm, and fraternization, ſhall yet live, and, *having nothing elſe to do*, begin, at laſt, to take care of herſelf. In this work, ſhe may find a taſk requiring all the energy of thought and action, which characterized of old the ſages and heroes of Greece and Rome, when the *ſalus populi* was guarded by a Lycurgus and a Solon from the keeping of Democratic ruffians, and promoted by a Dictator, who knew how to direct againſt the enemies of the State the juſt vengeance of the law.

—

The Moſlems, pulled by the whiſkers, wince: This is all good. Let the work go on. Citizen Revolution has probably yet to take a tour through Turkey—to inſtil into the patient Muſſelman, the many "*ſimple virtues*" of the great nation. Their modeſty, their benevolence their generoſity, their humanity! their diſintereſtedneſs, their inoffenſiveneſs, their incorruptibility, all offer to the wondering Turk, leſſons by which he may improve upon a ſyſtem now quite *Sybaritican*, compared with theirs.

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The ſanſculottiſh Admiral *Brueys*, was, it ſeems, diſpatched to the other world, amidſt fire and flame. Shakeſpeare would call this "A fore-taſte of that which is to come." Would to God, the *here* and the *hereafter* of all Jacobins might be ſpeedily aſſimilated.

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Commotions threaten the eſtates of the double-faced villain and fool of Pruſſia—the author of all the evils of the laſt four years. To him, "on horror's head, may horrors accumulate."

—

Two men lately diſputing on the accommodations provided for priſoners, in the different jails in the United States, found ſome difficulty in agreeing which merited a preference; when one of them put an end to the diſpute by declaring Philadelphia to be the beſt, as *he had tried them all*.

—

The French, wonderful nation! ſeem to imagine themſelves deſigned for the Cruſaders or Knights Errant of the world. America had but to cry *oppreſſion*, and they were in arms to deliver her. Since that how extenſive has been their benevolence in this way: the Turks have juſt been delivered from ou of the hands of their enemies, the Knights of Malta. Damnable nation! how extenſive have been the miſeries by her inflicted. But her *ſhield* is loſt; and her *ſpear* is broken.

—

The Pacha of Paleſtine makes head againſt the invading Infidels. But though they contend on *holy* land, we may conſole ourſelves with the reflection that no *Chriſtian* blood will be ſpilled.

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After all the various conjectures, it appears moſt probable that Buonaparte was bent on ſuccouring Paſſawan Oglou in his rebellion. That word *Rebellion* has a charm which draws the French as crows to carrion. But "Rebellion hath had ill luck."

—

The Empire of the Turks "hangs quivering on a point." It would be a pity to have it overthrown; becauſe *next to the French*, it is the *freeſt* and *moſt enlightened* in Europe.

—

It would be curious to examine how many *kinds* of liberty have found ſhelter in the receſſes of Gallic fraternization. The Swiſs are calling for their *former liberty* ere they have quite done decrying their *former tyranny*. But amidſt all the varied forms of liberty or of tyranny, none ſeems at preſent more univerſally obnoxious than *French* liberty.

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A Britiſh cock-boat, it appears, has taken a frigate, belonging to their Sanſculottiſh Majeſties, of 42 guns. The frigate bears, it ſeems, the conqueſtorial title given to the Republic of Genoa. The Romans would have called this an *illoyal omen*. So alſo, the firſt frigate taken from the Dutch by theſe *proud Iſlanders*, was named, after that union which has ruined Holland, the *Alliance*.

The *audacity* of theſe *tyrants of the ocean*, has long enough *outraged humanity*, and the GREAT NATION, as the undoubted rectifier of wrongs, cannot longer forbear to *humble their pride*. It is high time the *Army of England* had performed its duty—a duty ſo *dear to humanity*.

—

Varnum, commonly called General Varnum, a member from Maſſachuſetts, a Jacobin, one of the ſpitting faction, and a man notorious alike for weakneſs and want of principle, is re-elected. *Quis, talia fando, temperet a furore?*

—

ON Monday a final diſcharge took place at the Tents on Schuylkill, when fifteen hundred perſons, and upwards, were diſmiſſed to their houſes, who, during their reſidence at the Camp were chiefly ſupported, and wholly cloathed by donations from our Citizens, and the inhabitants of all parts of the country. The general and early flight of the Inhabitants from the City, depriving the laboring claſſes of employment, and, conſequently, of proviſions; the manner in which great numbers of them were crouded together in ſmall buildings, rendering their ſituation particularly hazardous; and the difficulty of extending relief to them at their ſeveral habitations, pointed out the expediency of procuring an aſylum, where the attention and exertion of a few might ſhelter them from diſeaſe, and adminiſter to their neceſſities. This has been effectually performed by the Committee: Few inſtances of the Fever have appeared among them through the whole ſeaſon, and food and raiment have been amply ſupplied. Though tents, haſtily pitched, are, by no means, a deſirable retreat; yet, with the advantages of flooring, ſtraw and other conveniences, they have made the lot of theſe poor fugitives not only ſafe, but truly comfortable. The taſk of regulation among ſuch an heterogeneous concourſe of characters muſt have been attended with many difficulties; it has, however, been obſerved, by numerous viſitors, that the harmony and order, apparent in every quarter of the encampment, deſerve the higheſt encomium. Schools were early eſtabliſhed by the Committee in which upwards of four hundred children were daily inſtructed by ſuitable teachers ſelected from the Tents; and it is a pleaſing fact that many, who, in September, were totally ignorant of the alphabet, are now enabled to read with propriety. To prevent idleneſs from becoming habitual, ſome of the men were ſent to labor at the Canal; while others, with the women, were employed in making up cloathing for themſelves and their brethren: The ſuperintendence of their health was committed to a Phyſician of eminent talents, whoſe indefatigable induſtry and kind attention can only be rewarded by his own reflection: And, to complete this picture of beneficence which appeared like a ſtar of mild radiance through the gloom of calamity, the inculcation of moral and religious duty was regularly attended to on the Sabbath, when diſcourſes were delivered in which the pureſt principles were pointed out with perſpicuity, and the neceſſity of their practical adoption ſtrongly inforced. Such have been the conſequences of an inſtitution commenced in uncertainty and proſecuted with anxiety. Nothing need be ſaid on the merits of the Committee, their works ſpeak a language which cannot but be underſtood by every friend to the happineſs of mankind.

N. B. There have been Sixty Births at the Encampment.

—

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED	DAYS
Brig Hopewell, Dowling, Salem,	10
Schr. Albert, (Daniſh) Paul, St. Croix,	
—— Suſannah, Small, Havanna,	
Sloop Preſident, Brockway, Newport,	9
—— Laura, Barker, Nantucket,	9

Goods for Baltimore,
Will be received at the ſtores of, and forwarded
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
WHO, if they are delivered to them properly directed and in good order, will be accountable (with the exception of accidents) for their ſafe carriage. Due attention will be paid to diſpatch.
Levi Hollingsworth & Son.
nov. 16 drot

IMPORTED
IN THE LAST ARRIVALS,
Superfine, fine and common cloths
Swandowns
Baizes
Velvetts
Velveretts
Printed calicoes
Furniture & fancy dimities
Hair ribbands
Sewing ſilk
Bruſſels and Perſia carpetts
Buttons
For ſale, for caſh or credit, by
SAMUEL MERRICK.
no. 243 Arch ſtreet.
nov. 16 §tJan1

FOR BELFAST,
THE SHIP

JOSEPHUS,
HENRY H. KENNEDY, maſter,
NOW lying at Mr. Doughty's wharf, in Southwark: This ſhip is in compleat order, and will be ready to take in her cargo on Monday next, and ſail with all poſſible diſpatch——For freight or paſſage apply to
JOHN CRAIG,
no. 12, Dock-ſtreet.
nov. 16 §

FOR WILMINGTON,
NORTH-CAROLINA,
THE SHIP

COMMERCE,
Captain WOOD,
WILL take in freight on very moderate terms, and ſail about the 25th inſtant. Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's wharf, or
Willings & Francis,
Penn Street.
november 16 §

At nine o'clock,
On Wedneſday Morning,
AT NO. 40, UNION STREET
Between Second and Third ſtreets,
WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH,
A valuable and general aſſortment
of Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture.
CONNELLY & Co. auctioneers.
nov 16 dts

FOR SALE,
By the Subscriber,
THE CARGO
Of the ship Louisa,
Captain Champlin from St. Petersburg,
CONSISTING OF
HEMP and BAR IRON.

In the ship Dispatch,
Captain Benners, from Hamburg,
15 boxes Linens,
and a quantity of
Sheathing Copper,

And the remainder of ship Richmond's CARGO, from Calcutta,
containing a variety of
Coarse and fine Muslins,
and an elegant assortment of
Madras Handkerchiefs.
Mordecai Lewis.
Philadelphia, nov.' 7 d3w

Just imported in ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,
A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. } with balls suitable.
Carronades, 12 lbs. }
Muskets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use, } By the package only.
Rifled barreled Guns. Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols, } By the package only.
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in kegs. } By the package only.
Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mounting
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by
Thomas & Jno. Ketland,
Philad. October 25.

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,
HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South Front-street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India
DRY GOODS;
most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.
Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.
N. B A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. dtf

Library Company of Philadelphia
THE MEMBERS
OF THE
Library Company of Philadelphia
ARE HEREBY INFORMED
THAT the library will be opened on *Thursday* next, the 15th instant, for the reception and delivery of books. Those who neglect to return the books, which had been borrowed previous to the twentieth of August last, on or before the first of December next, will be fined as the Rules direct.
The Loganian Library
Will also be opened at the same time, for the like purposes.
N. B Catalogues of the books belonging to these Institutions may be had at the Library.
Z. POULSON, junr. *Librarain.*
Library, nov 10 d6t

JOHN MILLER, junr.
Has returned to the City,
AND IS REMOVING FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,
To the Five Story Building, in Dock near Third-street.
Where he has for Sale
250 Bales of Bengal Goods;
CONSISTING OF
Cossaes
Bastas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
The remains of a Stock of
DRY GOODS,
Consisting of WOOLENS only,
AMONGST THEM ARE,
Cloths
Coatings
Blankets
Kendal Cottons
Hats, &c.
ALSO,
100 Hhds. of Old Rum,
Of a fine flavor, 3d & 4th proof.
nov 10 §

The Subscribers
HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF
Choice Cheshire & Double Glouceſter
CHEESE.
[Per the CHESAPEAKE from Liverpool.]
100 Boxes of Window Glass,
Of various sizes, per the JANE, from London.
They have also for Sale,
200 Casks of Refined Salt-Petre,
AND A QUANTITY OF
Fine CASTOR OIL.
James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.
November 1 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,
A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,
FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT,
Apply at Stores on the Wharf,
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,
BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.
Nov. 1. dtf

ROBERT SMITH & Co.
Have returned to the City, and are now opening at their Store, No 58, So. Front-street,
A large and General
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,
Suitable to the Season,
Which they have just received per the late arrivals from London, Hull, Liverpool and Glasgow (via New-York) and will dispose of on very low terms for Cash or short credit.
TO BE LET,
A House in Fourth-street, next door to to the Indian Queen—enquire as above.
november 6 §14t

LAMPBLACK.
A quantity of Lampblack was left during the Fever, at the Office of the Gazette of the United States,—supposed through mistake. The owner is requested to call and take it away.
Nov. 3. §

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:
BE IT REMEMBERED,
(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:
"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Bar "ton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Society of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Correspondidg Member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania"
In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."
SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'
November 2, 1798.

LANDING,
From on board the Brig Amiable Matilda, Richard Stites, Master, from Cape Nichola Mole.
23 Bales Socks and Flannel Drawers
18 Do. Gaiters
2 Do. Rugs
1 Do. Havre Sacks
2 Do. Flannel Trowsers
2 Do. Tents,
} Such as are used in the King's army.
Also just Imported,
In the Ship Chesapeake, Captain Webb, from Liverpool,
147 Crates of Queen's Ware,
Assorted particularly to suit the West-India Market—For Sale by
Thomas & John Ketland.
november 7 §

Just Imported,
Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and cannister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted
For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street.
October 29. eo.tf.

R. TAYLOR,
MUSIC PROFESSOR,
NO. 96, NORTH SIXTH-STREET,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he continues to teach Ladies the *Piano Forte* as usual.
Nov. 6. tuthsa

French Language.
G. DUFIEF,
No. 63, SOUTH SECOND STREET,
WILL OPEN
His DAY and EVENING SCHOOL,
On Wednesday, the 14th Inst.
N. B.— Private Tuition attended to as usual, and Translations from either Language into the other, performed with accuracy, secrecy, and dispatch.
nov. 10 ewtf

Just Arrived,
In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,
Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.
Brimstone.
An assortment of valuable DRUGS,
CONSISTING OF
Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,
St. Croix Sugars,
Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.
JAMES YARD.
November 3 §

NOTICE
To Owners of CARRIAGES, *and* RETAILERS *of* WINE & SPIRITS.
IN consequence of the late Epidemic in this City, numbers have neglected to enter their Carriages, also the retailers of Wine and Spirits to call and take out their Licences. The returning health of the City, the Office is removed from Germantown to its former place, No. 49 North Third-street, where those who have neglected must call and pay the duty on their Carriages, and those retailers take out their Licences—Their ready compliance will prevent incurring the penalty of the Law.
JAMES ASH, Collector of the 1st Survey of the 1st Division of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, Office of Inspection } No. 49, North Third-street. }
☞ The STAMP-PRESS is kept at this Office.
nov 9 mw&f3w

DAVID M. SHIELDS,
At the Store No. 22 Chesnut-street.
Begs leave to inform his friends & customers that he has removed his goods from Chesnut-Hill, *& is now ready to accommodate them with,*
COARSE and fine white, red & green Baizes in half pieces—Coarse and fine white Flannels from 2/3d, to 6/. a yard. He expects a further supply by the first arrivals from *Scotland, Ireland* and *England*, and is determined to sell low for Cash or a short credit.
nov 7 3awtf

Cook Wanted.
WANTED, by a small regular family, a woman cook, who is a thorough mistress of her business and can produce satisfactory recommendation. Any person answering the above description, will meet with constant employ and generous wages. Application to be made at the office of this gazette.
To save trouble, no Irish woman need apply.
nov. 6 ¶3t

Bank of Pennsylvania,
September 3d, 1798.
WHEREAS the House at present occupied by the Bank of Pennsylvania was entered on the night of the first instant, by some villains, who robbed the institution of sundry Bank Notes, amongst which were the following post notes of the Bank of New-York, viz.

No 1002,	dated 23d of August, 1798, *Dolls* issued in favor of Seabring & Van Wyck, for				396 22
No 1003,	dated 25th of August, 1798, issued in favor of Montgomery and Newbold for				1250
No 1006,	27th	do.	do.	do.	2000
1007,	do.	do.	do.	do.	2000
1008,	do.	do.	do.	do.	2000
1009,	do.	do.	do.	do.	2000
1010,	28th	do.	do.	do.	2000
1011,	do.	do.	do.	do.	2000
1012,	30th	do.	do.	do.	1500
1013,	do.	do.	do	do.	1000

Also sundry post notes of the Bank of Pennsylvania, dated 23d July 1797, issued in favor of George Hughes, for one thousand dollars each, and sundry post notes of said Bank, dated 15th of July, 1797, issued in favor of Geo. Hughes, for five hundred dollars each and indorsed by him. The public are hereby cautioned against receiving the said notes, and a reward of *TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS* is hereby offered for the discovery and conviction of the villains who perpetrated or are concerned in the said robbery, in addition to the reward offered by the Governor of the Commonwealth in his Proclamation of this day.
By order of the Board,
JONATHAN SMITH, cashier.

This Day Published,
And for sale at the Office of the Editor, No. 119 Chesnut-street,
(Price 1-8th of a Dollar,)
AN ORATION,
Pronounced July 4, 1798,
At the request of the Inhabitants of the Town of *BOSTON*, in commemoration of the anniversary of American Independence.
By JOSIAH QUINCY.
"The inroads upon our public liberty, call for reparation—The wrongs we have sustained, call for—*Justice.* That Reparation and that Justice, may yet be obtained, by *Union, Spirit,* and *Firmness.* But to *divide* and *conquer* was the maxim of the Devil in the garden of Eden, and to *disunite* and *enslave* hath been the principle of all *his* votaries from that period to the present."
Observations on the Boston Port-Bill, &c. p. 78 by the late J. Quincy, jun.
august 11

This Day is Published,
AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET
AN ADDRESS
To the People of Maryland,
ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

Madras and Ventapaulem
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Searsaukers and Carradarries,
of the newest and most approved patterns, entitled to the drawback, just received,
AND FOR SALE BY
Alex. J. Miller & Co.
No. 64, South Front street.
may 18. §

FOR SALE,
The Cargo of the Schr. Sincerity
Benjamin Monteith Master, from Laguira,
CONSISTING OF
945 Fenegas of Cocoa
4000 lb. of Flora Indigo
210 Bales of Cotton
4 Packages of Goat Skins
By Willings & Francis.
No. Eleventh-street.
july 2. dtf

Last Notice to the Creditors and Debtors of John Shields.
THE first are requested to render their Accounts against him, made up to the 23d day of August, 1797, the date of his Assignment, that a Dividend may be promptly made. The last to pay off their Accounts, Notes, and Bonds, before the first day of December ensuing. Any that remain unsettled after that period, will be put into the hands of an Attorney at Law, for recovery.
DAVID M. SHIELDS,
Attorney, (in fact) to the Assignees and Trustees of J. SHIELDS.
Chesnut-street, No, 22.
November 1, 1798. dtf.

Mails for South-Carolina & Georgia,
PACKETS are now provided for carrying the Public mails by water between Philadelphia and Charleston. They will leave Philadelphia on Friday's. The post by land will be continued twice a week until an experiment is made in regard to the expedition and regularity of the packets. If any person chuses to have their letters sent by land only, they will please to write the word *Land* upon the letters: otherwise they will be sent by that conveyance which will first start after the letters are left in the post-office.
Joseph Habersham,
Post-Master Generl.
Philadelphia, August 13, 1798. §

JOHN SHIELDS,
BROKER,
Embraces this opportunity to present his thanks to his fellow-citizens for their past favors and acquaints them that he is returned from Chesnut-Hill, *to his former residence, the House No.* 22 Chesnut *between* Front *and* Second-street,
WHERE he holds himself ready to execute their commands in every branch of his profession, trusting that from a residence in this city of 35 years he has it in his power to render them essential service, assuring them that his commission shall be as low as any in Town.
Lotts, Lands, Houses, Vessels, Certificates of every description and Bills of Exchange, bought and sold, the docketts carefully examined and clear titles made upon the shortest notice, by the public's humble servant,
John Shields.
☞ Good negotiable Notes discounted at a low premium.
november 7 3awtf

REMOVAL.
THE SUBSCRIBERS have removed their Office from the corner of Eleventh Street, to their former Counting House, No. 21, Penn Street.
Willings & Francis.
November 5 §

The Subscribers
Are now Landing—For Sale,
St. Croix Rum—Muscovado Sugar
Red Port Wine,
In pipes, hogsheads and quarter Casks.
Two thousand bushels of Salt,
Eighteen Iron Six pounders proved at Woolwich.
Philips, Cramond, & Co.
November 3 dtot

Forty Dollars Reward.
DESERTED,
From a Detachment of Men under my command, at Camp West Schuylkill, viz.
October 29.
GEORGE KELLER, 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, dark hair and complexion, born in Holland, no Trade, speaks broken English and very talkative, has a dimple in his chin.
November 6. John Murphy, 27 years of age, 5 feet 7½ inches in height, grey eyes, dark hair and complexion, born in Ireland, city of Dublin, by trade a Hozier.
Jacob Iden, 34 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, grey eyes, sandy hair, fresh complexion, born in New-England, state of Connecticut, a repeated deserter, by trade a Blacksmith.
November 7. William Collins, 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, sandy hair, fresh complexion, grey eyes, born in Ireland, county of Wexford, by trade a Gardner, has worked for some time about Philadelphia, he is very fond to hear himself Sing.
All the above deserters are very much addicted to liquor, and will take other people's property if in their power, are artificially marked on their backs, had on, when they went away, their regimental clothing. Whosoever apprehends said deserters, shall receive forty dollars reward, or ten dollars for each, with all reasonable expences, by applying to me as above,
EDWARD MILLER, captain
2d regiment of Infantry commanding.
nov 10 §

Notice is hereby given,
THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of Six Per Cent Funded Stock, standing in the name of *John Carbonell*, of London, the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, Captain Kidd. from Falmouth to New-York.

No. 3072	1	*Cert. for*	2000	*dolls.*
2964	1	*do.*	5000	
10,577	1	*do.*	3000	

Willings & Francis.
Philadelphia, august 30. eo6w

Notice is hereby given,
THAT application will be made to the treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of six per cents. funded debts, standing in the name of *Jane Gabrielle Rigaud*, of Geneva, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, Capt. Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

			Dolls.	
No. 3195.	Reg. office	19th May '95,	1 cert. for	1000
13,181.	do.	14th do.	do. 1 do. for	3500

Willings & Francis.
October 24. eod6w.

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.
Notice is hereby given,
THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America, passed at Philadelphia the 28th day of May, 1796, laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons, and repealing the former acts for that purpose—That there shall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of passengers, the several duties and rates following, viz.

	dolls.
For and upon every coach	15
upon every chariot	12
upon every post chariot	12
upon every post chaise	12
upon every phaeton, with or without top	9
upon every coachee	9
upon other carriages, having panneled work above, with blinds, glasses, or curtains	9
upon four-wheel carriages, having frame posts and tops, with steel springs	6
upon four-wheel top carriages, with wooden or iron springs on jacks	3
upon curricles with tops	3
upon chaises with tops	3
upon chairs with tops	3
upon sulkies with tops	3
upon other two wheel top carriages	3
upon two wheel carriages with steel or iron springs	3
For and upon all other two wheel carriages	2
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars	2

The Collector of the revenue of the first division of the first survey of the district of Pennsylvania, will attend daily until the 30th day of September next, for the purpose of receiving the duties on carriages, at Germantown, on the Main street, a little above the sign of the King of Prussia, of which all persons possessed of such carriages are desired to take notice.
Notice is also given,
To all retail dealers in wines and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, that licenses will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of wines in a less quantity, or in less quantities, than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the business of retailing spirituous liquors in less quantities than twenty gallons, at the same time and at the same place, by
JAMES ASH,
Collector of the 1st division of the 1st Survey of the district of Pennsylvania.
Office of Inspection at Germantown, 22d August, 1798.
☞ Every denomination of Stamps to be had at said office.

Patent Ploughs,
TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Atsion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton. Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure.
Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.
Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,
A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.
Charles Newbold.
july 17 2awtf

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,
195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvass, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular } Madeira Wines
India market }
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper
Nicklin & Griffith.
april 7 tuth&f.tf

Sixty Dollars Reward.
MADE their escape from the Gaol in the borough of Lancaster, on Saturday evening last, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, two French prisoners, part of the crew of La Croyable.
The one named *Etienne Austin*, a native of Bordeaux in France, 26 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark eyes and complexion, by trade a carpenter, supposed to be unacquainted with the English or German language. Had on when he went away, a white hat, pantaloons, and short jacket, tight made, and probably took with him some other clothes.
The other named *Peter Duprieux*, a native of Bujoin in France, 20 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, grey eyes, dark complexion, a seaman by occupation, a dirty ill-looking fellow. Had on when he went away, a blue sailor's jacket, with large tow trowsers, an old wool hat, speaks imperfect German.
Also, made his escape the same day, about nine o'clock in the morning, from the same gaol, a negro man named *Peter Huston*, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a smiling countenance, lately convicted of a felony in this county. Had on when he went away, a long blue coat, a pair of white trowsers, both ragged, and a black hat.
Twenty-five dollars will be paid for apprehending and securing in any goal, each or either of the above named Frenchmen, and Ten dollars for the negro, by
Christian Carpenter, jun. sheriff.
Lancaster, Oct. 20, 1798. ¶eo3t

Forty Dollars Reward
FOR APPREHENDING
A GENTLEMAN NEGRO,
BY name GEORGE or GEORGE PARKER, the property of the subscriber, who has thought proper on the night of the 21st inst. to elope from his master without any provocation or just cause; he was formerly the property of Beckwith Butler, esq. and lived a considerable time with ——— Pottenger, who kept tavern in Fredericksburg, having seen much company and travelled with several gentlemen through different parts of this state, he is much known. It is therefore conjectured he will push for some of the northern cities or towns as he has discovered an aversion to plantation work, though he may perhaps have crossed the ridge where he has a brother belonging to major Butler.
This fellow is about five feet seven inches high, well proportioned and walks active and brisk, his countenance is open and agreeable enough when in good humour; he can hardly be surpast in shrewdness, and is a very capable waiting-man, house servant, barber, &c. To describe his dress would be useless, as he possessed a variety of clothes, though when dressed lately, he wore a green coat bound with white fermetting and spotted jacket and breeches. Whoever brings him home or secures in goal in this or any other state the said slave, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward ALEXANDER VASS.
Falmouth Oct. 23, 1798.
N. B.—Masters of vessels and Stage Drivers are requested to beware of suffering said fellow to impose on them by assisting his escape. *A. V.*
November 3 w&f.4w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
JUNE 27, 1798.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entituled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of Interests, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.
That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrearages of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.
That the principal sums of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the Acts making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.
OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.
june 28 1awtf

ADVERTISEMENT.
WHEREAS JAMES CUMMING & Co. late of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, have assigned over all their effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of all their creditors, who shall subscribe the said assignment within six months from the date hereof.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to the Assignees, at their office, No. 62, Dock street, in failure whereof actions will be instituted for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged accordingly.
John Travis,
John Waddington,
James Taylor,
Cornelius Comegys } Assignees
august 18 mwft1D

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
DESERTED last night, a second time, from the Marine Camp, *David Luper*, a fifer.—He had when he went away, a plain blue jacket and vest, light-blue overalls, a round hat, which had been bound with yellow, and which he had ripped off in his first desertion, and a pair of new shoes. he is a Carpenter by trade, has grey eyes, sandy hair fallow complexion and a nitch in his upper lip His back is still sore from a flogging he got a few days ago He may be discovered by his fifeing, as he plays extremely well.
W. W. BURROWS Major Com. of the
October 17. Marine Corps.